



S-3772

M. Sc. (Tech.) Instrumentation (Part- I) (Sem. I)

Examination

March / April – 2011

INS-12 : General Electronics : Paper - II

(New Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दशांशके निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य लभवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> M. Sc. (TECH.) INSTRUMENTATION (PART-1) (SEM. 1)	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> INS-12 : General Electronics : Paper - 2 (New)	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="7"/> <input type="text" value="7"/> <input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="NIL"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Student's Signature

- (2) Attempt all questions.
- (3) Use of programmable calculator is allowed.
- (4) Assume suitable data whenever necessary.

- 1 Answer the following questions : (any three) 18
  - (a) Define zener diode? Draw a circuit uses a breakdown diode to regulate voltage across a load. 6
  - (b) (1) What is difference between JFET and MOSFET ? 2
  - (2) What are the Four advantages of integrated circuit ? 2
  - (3) Define single stage transistor Amplifier. 2
  - (c) (1) What are the different ideal characteristics of an op.amp ? 3
  - (2) Draw the circuit of an op-amp integrator and indicate how to apply the initial condition. Explain the function or it's operation. 3
  - (d) (1) Write short note on cascade amplifier . 4
  - (2) Define input offset voltage and input offset current. 2

<b>2</b>	Answer the following questions : (any <b>three</b> )	<b>18</b>
(a)	(1) Draw a darlington pair emitter follower ckt.	<b>2</b>
	(2) Derive an expression for the gain of negative voltage feedback amplifier.	<b>4</b>
(b)	(1) What do you understand by ASCII code ?	<b>2</b>
	(2) Convert the following number.	<b>4</b>
	(a) $(100110101)_2 = ( \quad )_8$	
	(b) $(2AF)_{16} = ( \quad )_8$	
	(c) $(623)_8 = ( \quad )_2$	
	(d) $(128)_{16} = ( \quad )_8$	
(c)	(1) Draw the logic circuit for this boolean equation. $y = \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABCD} + ABC\overline{D} + ABC\overline{D}$	<b>2</b>
	(2) Write short note on shift registers.	<b>4</b>
(d)	(1) With the help of circuit diagram explain UJT relaxation oscillator	<b>4</b>
	(2) The intrinsic stand off ratio for a UJT is determined to be 0.6 if the interbase resistance is $10 \text{ K}\Omega$ . What are the value of $RB_1$ and $RB_2$ ?	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	Answer the following question : (Any <b>three</b> )	<b>18</b>
(a)	What is k-map? Explain the k-map simplification of logical function in sop form and describe Don't care condition.	<b>6</b>
(b)	With the help of timing diagram. Explain a decode counter.	<b>6</b>
(c)	(1) Write short note on A to D converters.	<b>3</b>
	(2) What are the advantages of negative feedback amplifiers ?	<b>3</b>
(d)	(1) Write short note on transistor transistor logic (TTL)	<b>3</b>
	(2) Describe a clocked R_S flip flop.	<b>3</b>
<b>4</b>	Answer the following question :	<b>16</b>
(a)	(1) Explain in detail data selector multiplexer.	<b>6</b>
	(2) Explain RAM and ROM organization.	<b>2</b>
(b)	(1) What is difference between positive logic and negative logic ?	<b>2</b>
	(2) Describe the operation of half subtractor.	<b>4</b>
	(3) What is difference between positive feedback and negative feedback amplifiers.	<b>2</b>